Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks Fall 2007

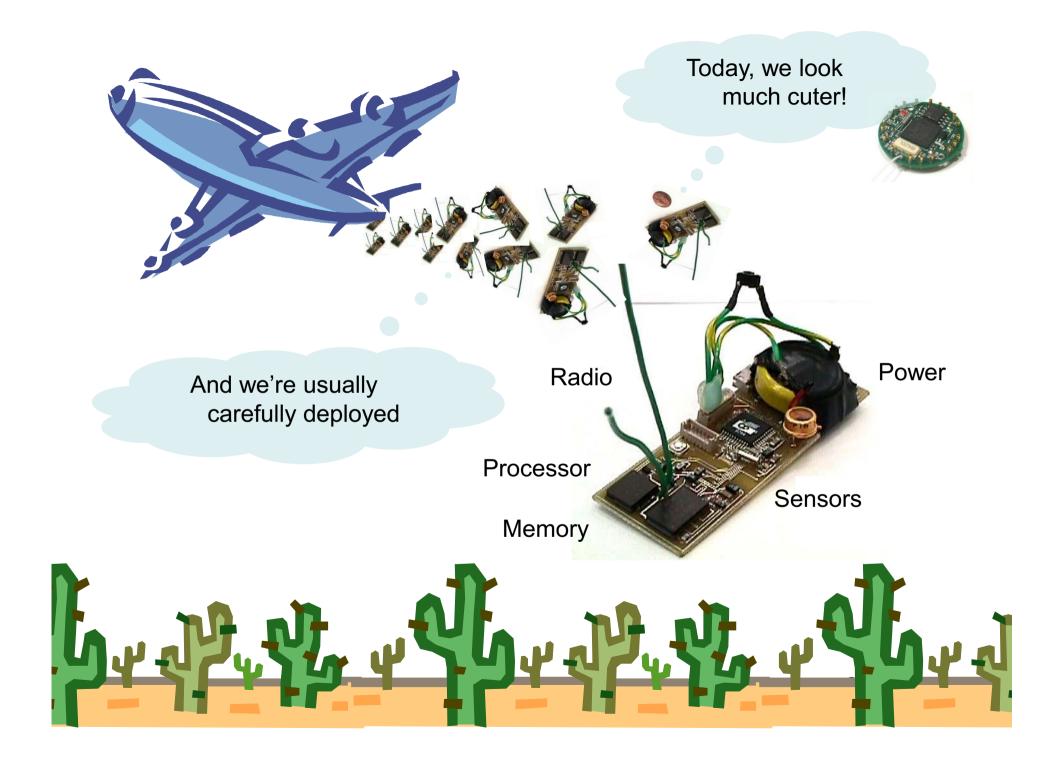


Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks – Roger Wattenhofer – 1/1



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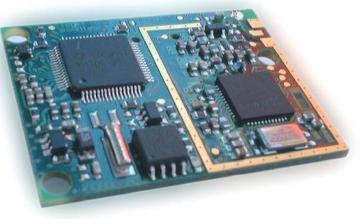


A Typical Sensor Node: TinyNode 584

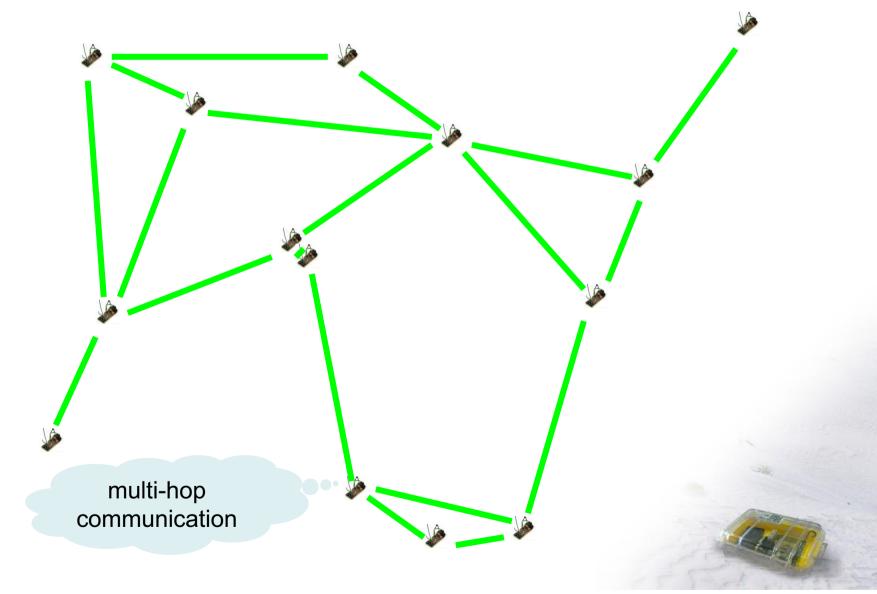
[Shockfish SA, The Sensor Network Museum]

- TI MSP430F1611 microcontroller @ 8 MHz
- 10k SRAM, 48k flash (code), 512k serial storage
- 868 MHz Xemics XE1205 multi channel radio
- Up to 115 kbps data rate, 200m outdoor range

	Current Draw	Power Consumption
uC sleep with timer on	6.5 uA	0.0195 mW
uC active, radio off	2.1 mA	6.3 mW
uC active, radio idle listening	16 mA	48 mW
uC active, radio TX/RX at +12dBm	62 mA	186 mW
Max. Power (uC active, radio TX/RX at +12dBm + flash write)	76.9 mA	230.7mW



After Deployment



vs. Sensor Networks

- Laptops, PDA's, cars, soldiers
- All-to-all routing
- Often with mobility (MANET's)
- Trust/Security an issue
 - No central coordinator
- Maybe high bandwidth

- Tiny nodes: 4 MHz, 32 kB, ...
- Broadcast/Echo from/to sink
- Usually no mobility
 but link failures
- One administrative control
- Long lifetime → Energy

There is no strict separation; more variants such as mesh or sensor/actor networks exist

Overview

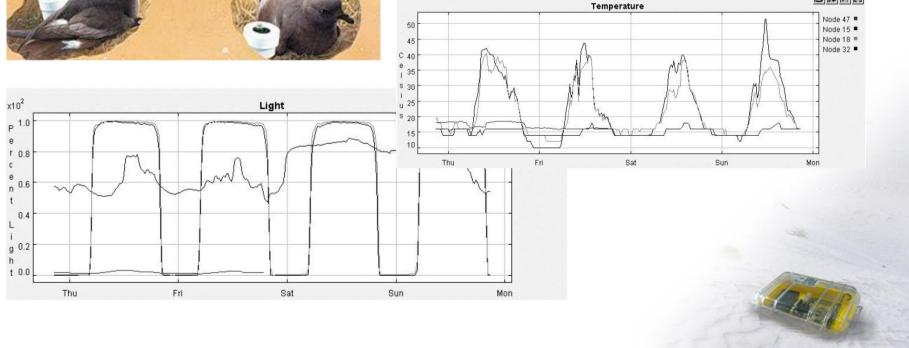
- Introduction
- Applications
- Course Overview
- Literature



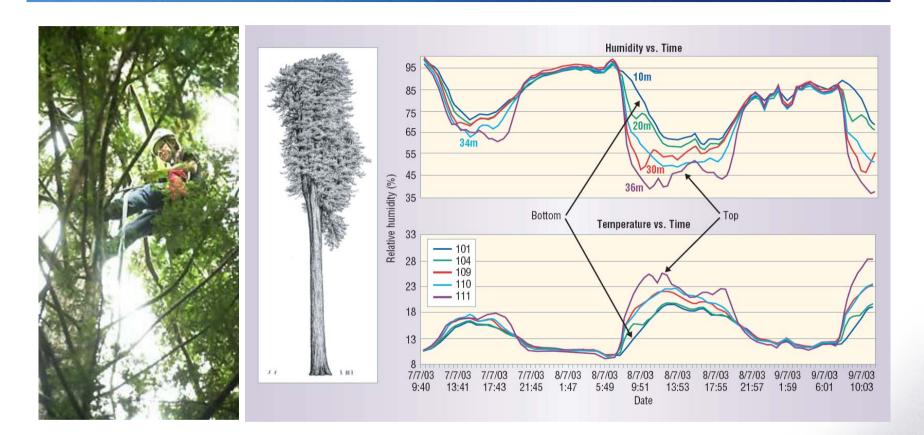
Animal Monitoring (Great Duck Island)



- 1. Biologists put sensors in underground nests of storm petrel
- 2. And on 10cm stilts
- 3. Devices record data about birds
- 4. Transmit to research station
- 5. And from there via satellite to lab



Environmental Monitoring (Redwood Tree)



- Microclimate in a tree
- "10km less cables on a tree; easier to set up"

Environmental Monitoring (SensorScope)

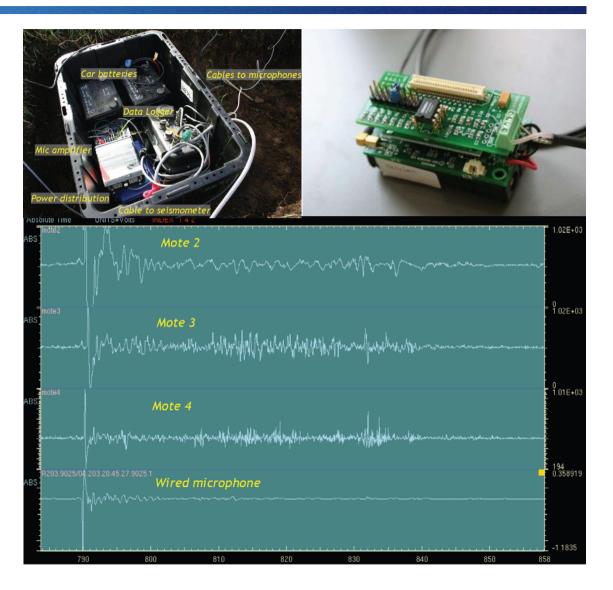


- Comfortable access with web interface
- Swiss made (EPFL)
- Various deployments (campus, glacier, etc.)



Environmental Monitoring (Volcanic monitoring)

- Old hardware vs. new hardware
- Sensors: infrasonic mic (for pressure trace) and seismometer (for seismic velocity)
- Equivalent: Earthquake, Tsunami, etc.



Environmental Monitoring (PermaSense)

- Understand global warming in alpine environment
- Harsh environmental conditions
- Swiss made (Basel, Zurich)

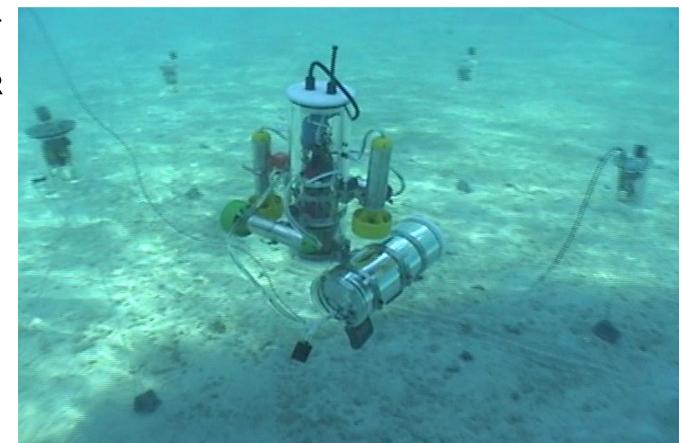






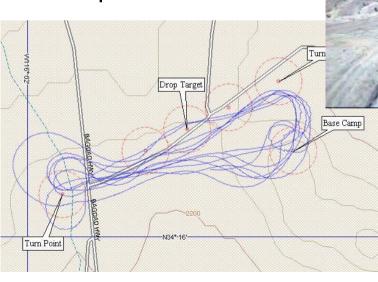
Underwater Sensor Networks

- Static sensor nodes plus mobile robots
- Dually networked
 - optical point-to-point transmission at 300kb/s
 - acoustical broadcast communication at 300b/s, over hundreds of meters range.
- Project AMOUR [MIT, CSIRO]
- Experiments
 - ocean
 - rivers
 - lakes



Vehicle Tracking

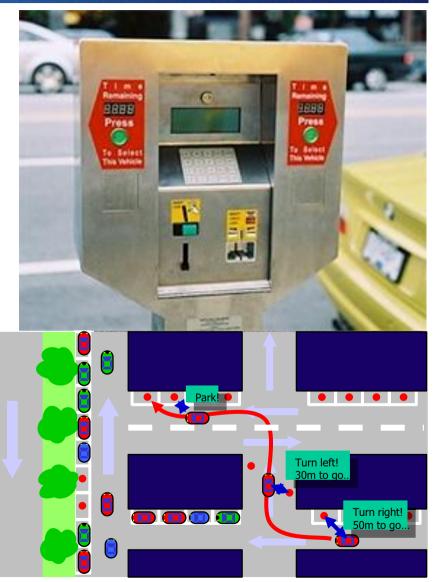
- Sensor nodes (equipped with magnetometers) are packaged, and dropped from fully autonomous GPS controlled "toy" air plane
- Nodes know dropping order, and use that for initial position guess
- Nodes then track vehicles (trucks mostly)





Smart Spaces (Car Parking)

- The good: Guide cars towards empty spots
- The bad: Check which cars do not have any time remaining
- The ugly: Meter running out: take picture and send fine



[Matthias Grossglauser, EPFL & Nokia Research]

Traffic Monitoring and Routing Planning (CarTel)

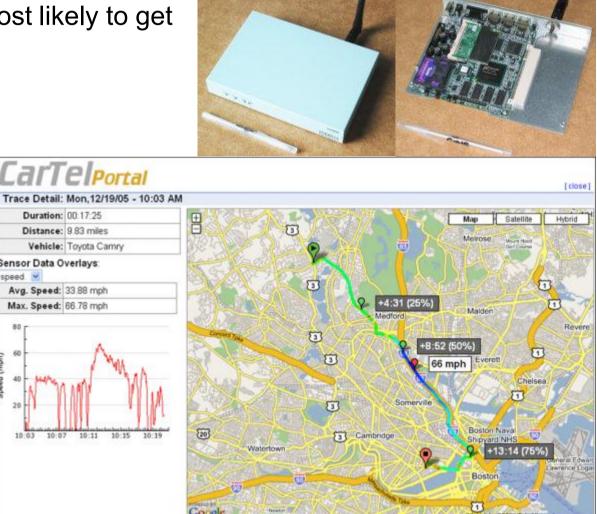
Sensor Data Overlays

10:07

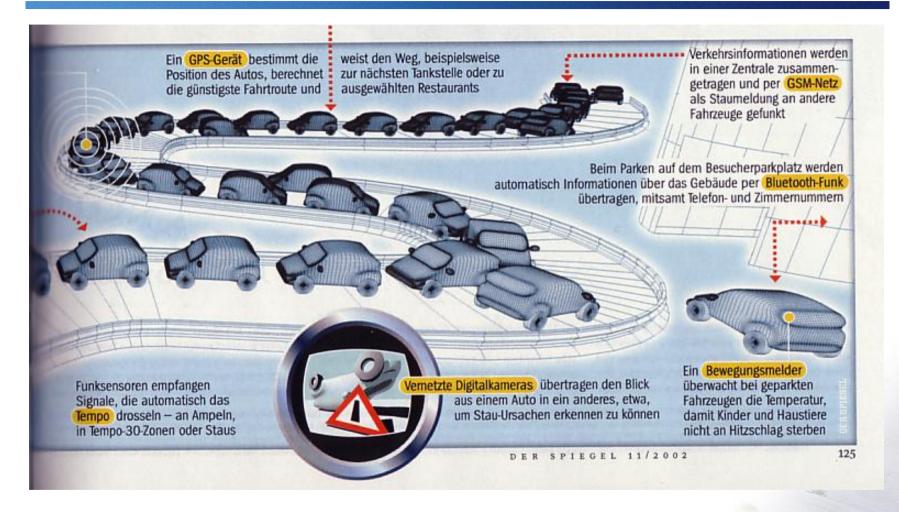
10-11

speed 👻

- GPS equipped cars for optimal route ulletpredictions, not necessarily "shortest" or "fastest" but also "most likely to get me to target by 9am"
- Various other • applications e.g. Pothole Patrol



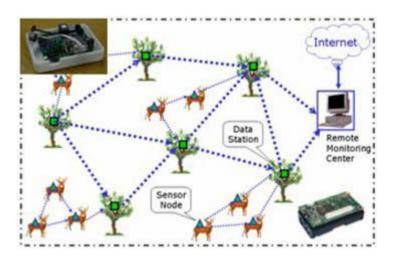
More Car Network Ideas



• CAR2CAR Consortium: Audi, BMW, Daimler, Fiat, GM, Honda, Renault, VW

Animal networks (e.g. DeerNet)

- Cars are not the only mobile objects...
- Objective: next-generation wildlife monitoring technology for behavior analysis, interaction modeling, disease tracking and control
- Two-tier system
- Including video data
- Other animals are available: ZebraNet, etc.



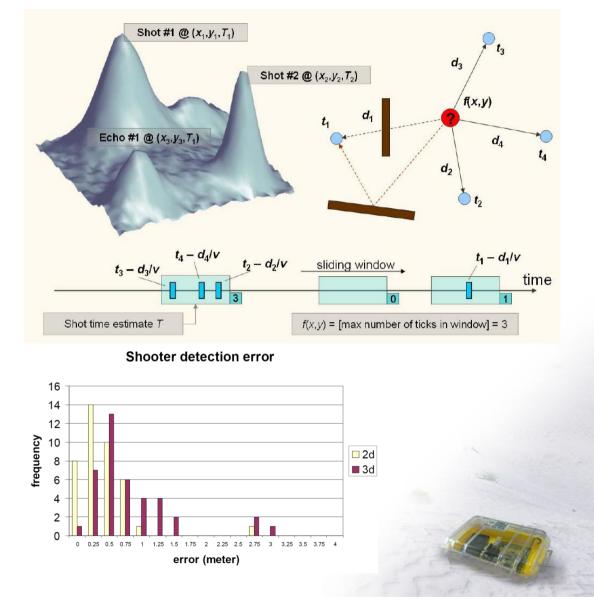


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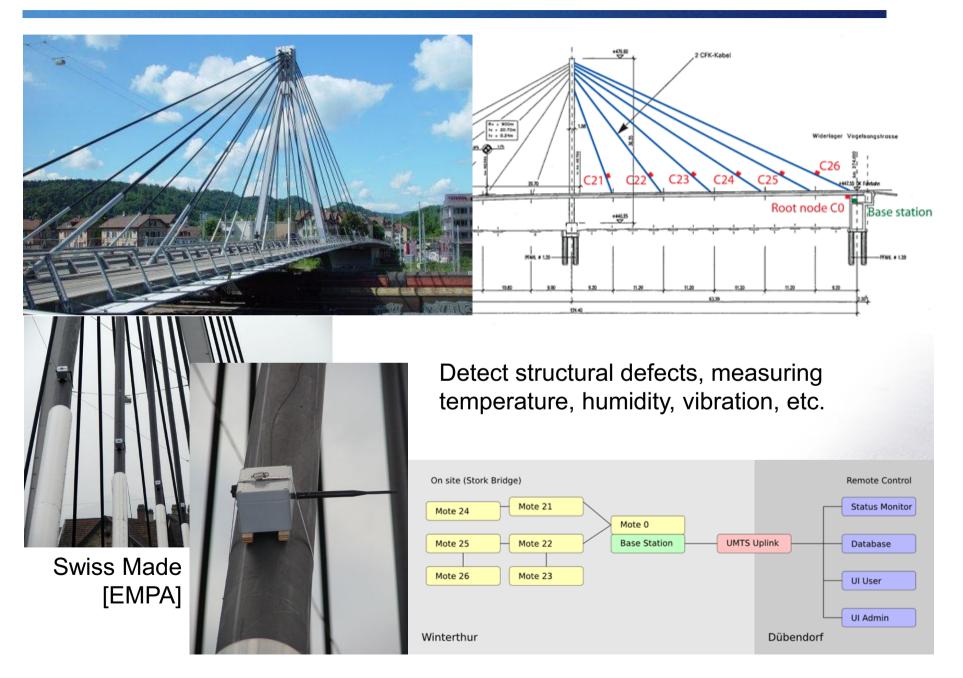
Acoustic Detection (Shooter Detection)



- Sound travels much slower than radio signal (331 m/s)
- This allows for quite accurate distance estimation (cm)
- Main challenge is to deal with reflections and multiple events



Structural Health Monitoring (Bridge)



Home Automation

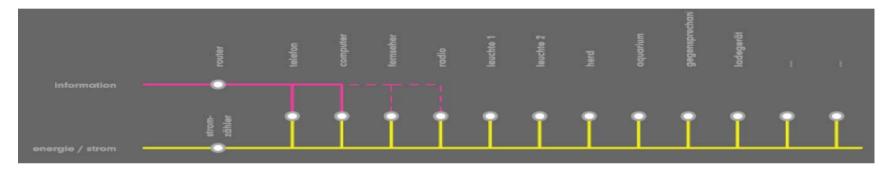
- Light
- Temperature
- Sun-Blinds
- Fans
- Energy Monitoring
- Audio/Video
- Security
 - Intrusion Detection
 - Fire Alarm



Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks – Roger Wattenhofer – 1/22

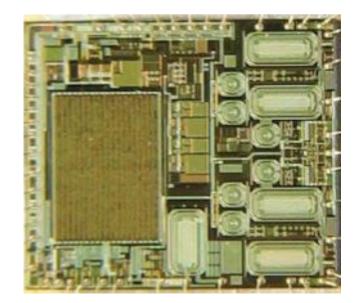
Standby Energy [digitalSTROM.org]

- 10 billion electrical devices in Europe
- 9.5 billion are not networked
- 6 billion euro per year energy lost



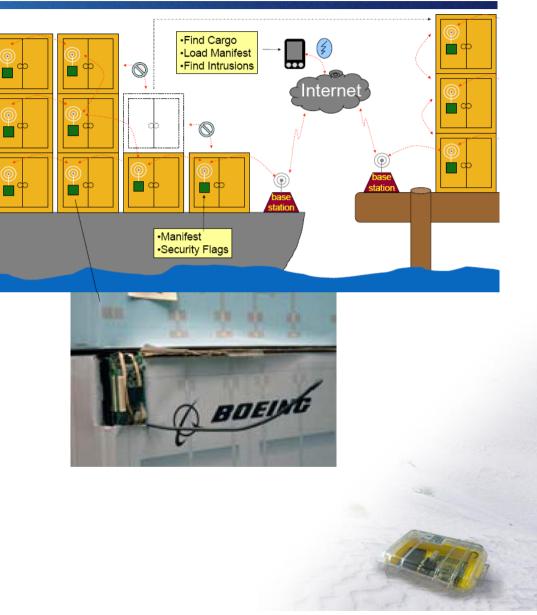
- Make electricity smart
 - cheap networking (over power)
 - true standby
 - remote control
 - electricity rates
 - universal serial number

— ...



Inventory Tracking (Cargo Tracking)

- Current tracking systems require lineof-sight to satellite.
- Count and locate containers
- Search containers for specific item
- Monitor accelerometer for sudden motion
- Monitor light sensor for unauthorized entry into container



Agriculture (COMMONSense)

- Idea: Farming decision support system based on recent local environmental data.
- Irrigation, fertilization, pest control, etc. are output of function of sunlight, temperature, humidity, soil moisture, etc.

[EPFL & IIT]

 (Actual sensors are mostly underground)





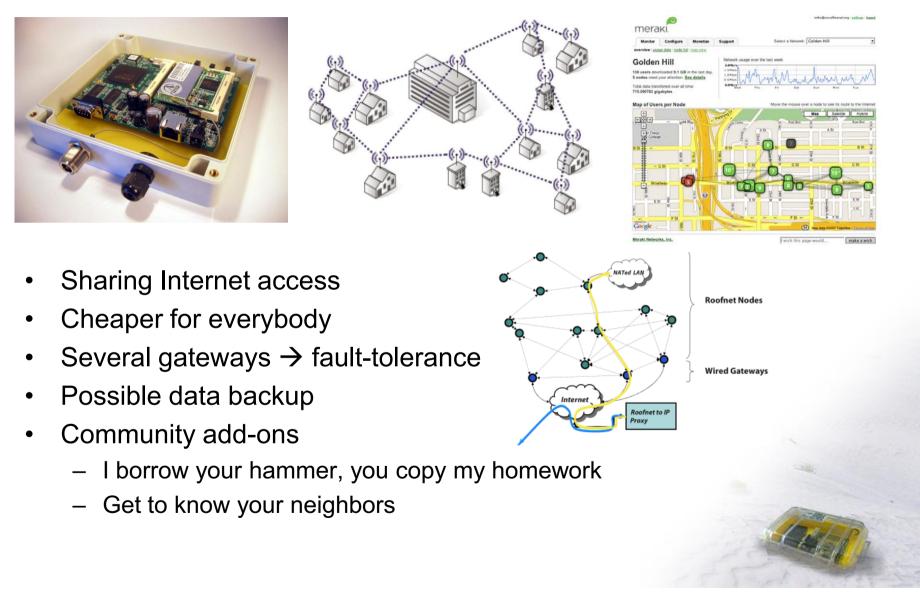
Virtual Fence (CSIRO Australia)

- Download the fence to the cows. Today stay here, tomorrow go somewhere else.
- When a cow strays towards the co-ordinates, software running on the collar triggers a stimulus chosen to scare the cow away, a sound followed by an electric shock; this is the "virtual" fence. The software also "herds" the cows when the position of the virtual fence is moved.
- If you just want to make sure that cows stay together, GPS is not really needed...



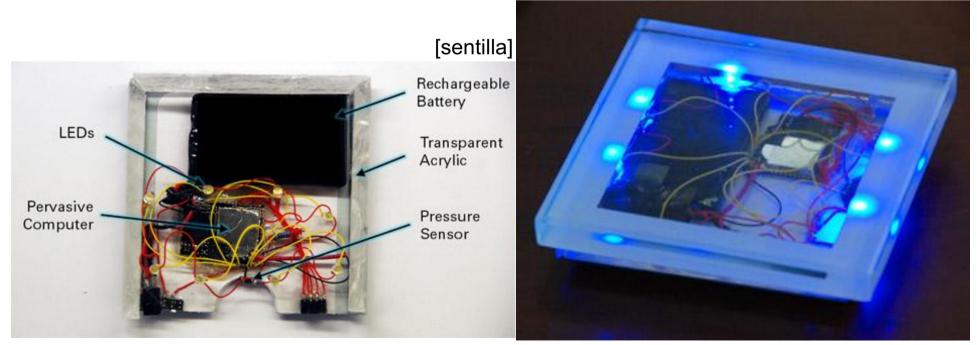
Cows learn and need not to be shocked later... Moo!

Mesh Networking (Roofnet)



Games / Art

• Uncountable possibilities, below,e.g. a beer coaster that can interact with other coasters...

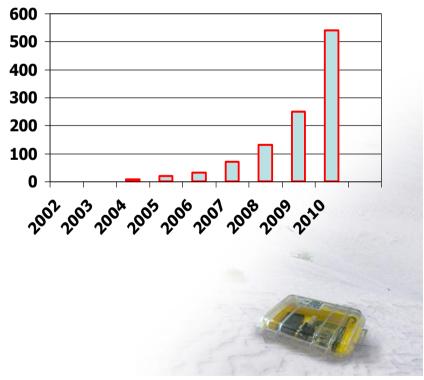


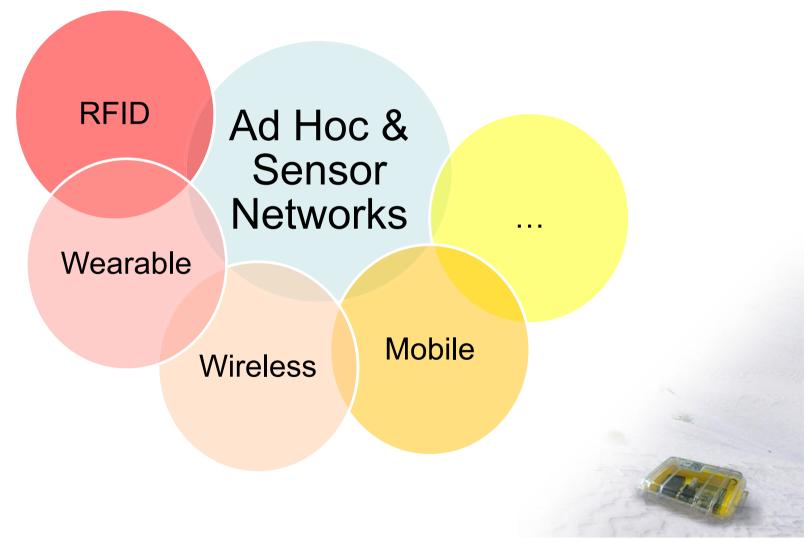
Economic Forecast

- Industrial Monitoring (35% 45%)
 - Monitor and control production chain
 - Storage management
 - Monitor and control distribution
- Building Monitoring and Control (20 30%)
 - Alarms (fire, intrusion etc.)
 - Access control
- Home Automation (15 25%)
 - Energy management (light, heating, AC etc.)
 - Remote control of appliances
- Automated Meter Reading (10-20%)
 - Water meter, electricity meter, etc.
- Environmental Monitoring (5%)
 - Agriculture
 - Wildlife monitoring

[Jean-Pierre Hubaux, EPFL]



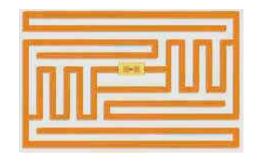




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RFID Systems

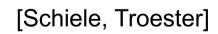
- Fundamental difference between ad hoc/sensor networks and RFID: In RFID there is always the distinction between the passive tags/transponders (tiny/flat), and the reader (bulky/big).
- There is another form of tag, the so-called active tag, which has its own internal power source that is used to power the integrated circuits and to broadcast the signal to the reader. An active tag is similar to a sensor node.
- More types are available, e.g. the semipassive tag, where the battery is not used for transmission (but only for computing)





Wearable Computing / Ubiquitous Computing

- Tiny embedded "computers"
- UbiComp: Microsoft's Doll
- I refer to my colleague Gerhard Troester and his lectures & seminars



Mikrosensoren

Sensorfasern



GPS

Wireless and/or Mobile

- Aspects of mobility
 - User mobility: users communicate "anytime, anywhere, with anyone" (example: read/write email on web browser)
 - Device portability: devices can be connected anytime, anywhere to the network
- Wireless vs. mobile Examples
 - Stationary computer
 - Notebook in a hotel
 - Historic buildings; last mile
 - Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
- The demand for mobile communication creates the need for integration of wireless networks and existing fixed networks
 - Local area networks: standardization of IEEE 802.11 or HIPERLAN
 - Wide area networks: GSM and ISDN
 - Internet: Mobile IP extension of the Internet protocol IP

Wireless & Mobile Examples

- Up-to-date localized information
 - Мар
 - Pull/Push
- Ticketing
- Etc.



[Asus PDA, iPhone, Blackberry, Cybiko]

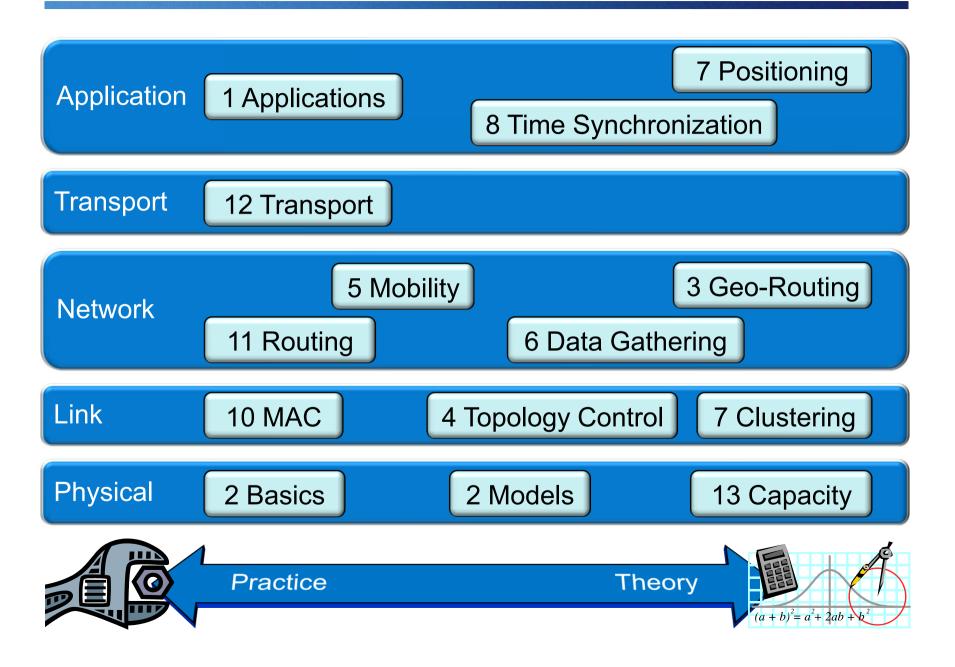


General Trend: A computer in 10 years?

- Advances in technology
 - More computing power in smaller devices
 - Flat, lightweight displays with low power consumption
 - New user interfaces due to small dimensions
 - More bandwidth (per second? per space?)
 - Multiple wireless techniques
- Technology in the background
 - Device location awareness: computers adapt to their environment
 - User location awareness: computers recognize the location of the user and react appropriately (call forwarding)
- "Computers" evolve
 - Small, cheap, portable, replaceable
 - Integration or disintegration?



Course Overview



Course Overview: Lecture and Exercises

- Maximum possible spectrum of systems and theory
- New area, more open than closed questions
- General ideas, concepts, algorithms, impossibility results, etc.
- In other words, almost no protocols

- Lecture and exercises are not really synchronized
- Three types of exercises: theory, practice/lab, creative
- Assistants: Nicolas Burri, Pascal von Rickenbach
- dcg.ethz.ch \rightarrow courses



Literature

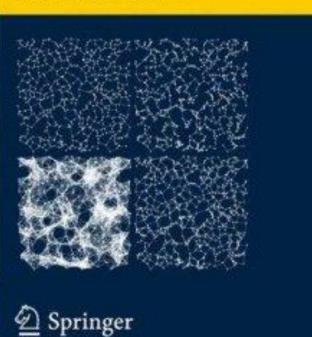
Dorothea Wagner Roger Wattenhofer (Eds.)

Tutorial

LNCS 4621

Algorithms for Sensor and Ad Hoc Networks

Advanced Lectures



More Literature

- Bhaskar Krishnamachari *Networking Wireless Sensors*
- Paolo Santi Topology Control in Wireless Ad Hoc and Sensor Networks
- F. Zhao and L. Guibas *Wireless Sensor Networks: An Information Processing Approach*
- Ivan Stojmeniovic Handbook of Wireless Networks and Mobile Computing
- C. Siva Murthy and B. S. Manoj Ad Hoc Wireless Networks
- Jochen Schiller *Mobile Communications*
- Charles E. Perkins *Ad-hoc Networking*
- Andrew Tanenbaum *Computer Networks*
- Plus tons of other books/articles
- Papers, papers, papers, ...

Rating (of Applications)

• Area maturity



• Practical importance



• Theoretical importance



- Well, the open problem for this chapter is obvious:
- Find the killer application! Get rich and famous!!

